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The Daily Courant.

Tuesday, November 23. 1703.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Nov. 20.

Philipsburg, Novembr 13.

WE have made 4 Discharges from 12 Pieces of Cannon, to give notice to the Garrison of Landau of the Approach of the Forces that are to attempt the Relief of that Place; The Horse is already arriv'd at Alzheim. All the Troops that were encamp'd in our Lines, are to pass the Rhine at Manheim, and there will be left to guard the Lines but 4 Battallions and 500 Horse, with 3000 of the Militia that are coming from Wirtemberg. A Drummer, come out of Landau, reports, that when he left the Place the Enemies were Masters of a half Moon; that they were making a Breach in the Bastion, and were filling up the Ditch; that the Besieged had yet lost but 600 Men, and were resolv'd to defend themselves well. This Drummer is sent back to get into Landau again, and to assure the Governour that the Succours will be tomorrow at the Spierbach, and will consist of 74 Squadrons and 45 Battallions, with a Train of Artillery in Proportion. A Deserter, who arriv'd last Night, tells us, that yesterday the Enemy made a Forrage, during which he took an opportunity to get away; he further says the French took the Bastion by Assault, but the Garrison rallied and beat them from it, pursued them to the Half Moon, burnt their Gallery, and were Masters of the Bastion when he came away.

Frankfort, Nov. 14. The Prince of Hesse Cassel will, 'tis believ'd, advance to day to Frankendal; the Count of Nassau Weilbourg has already taken Post along the Spierbach, with the Palatine Troops and those from the Upper Rhine, to alarm the Enemy.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Nov. 23.

Philipsburg, November 15. The Prince of Saxe Meiningen lyes here with 7 Battallions to pass the Rhine. We are laying a Bridge of Boats over the River, and expect the coming up of some Artillery, &c. The Enemy at the Approach of the Troops of the Allies abandon'd Spiers. Mean time Landau defends it self vigorously, and the Enemies fortifie themselves in their Lines of Circumvallation, with design to stand upon the defensive. They made an Assault upon the Bastion with 4000 Men, and carried it after a Dispute of 4 Hours, with the loss of 1300 Men; we are not inform'd what was the loss of the Besieged, no body being come to us out of the Town. The Prince of Dourlach is expected this Evening here with 3 Regiments of Swabians, which are bringing in Waggons for the greater Expedition. The Head Quarters appointed for the Forces that are to succour Landau are near Spires, where there are already 50 Squadrons and 14000 Foot; the rest are all upon the March thitherwards. The Prince of Saxe-Meiningen has pass'd the Rhine with the 7 Battallions above mention'd to joyn the Main Army. *P.S.* Advice is just come that the Enemies are march'd out of their Lines to be beforehand with the Allies, and have attack'd their Left Wing, which sustain'd the Shock, but not being succour'd soon enough, was at length forc'd to retire towards Spires. The Prince of Saxe-Meiningen distinguish'd himself very eminently in this Action, and was in the hottest of the Fire.

Heidelberg, Nov. 17. The Marshal de Tallard having been joyn'd by Monsieur de Pracontal, has attack'd the Count of Nassau Weilburg who was with the Left Wing near Heiligenstein. The Right Wing which was near Heidenhoven, not being able to succour the Left, the latter was put into disorder after a hard Fight, in which the French Gendarmerie suffer'd extreamly. Our Troops retir'd near to Rehutten, where they have already been reinforc'd with 3 Regiments, and wait for the coming up of the Hanoverians, to march again to attack the Enemy. The Prince of Hesse Cassel gave extraordinary Proofs of his Courage, and with his own Hand shot a Frenchman that was carrying off a Standard. 'Tis said our Hussars behav'd themselves very ill, and were in part the Cause of the Loss sustain'd by the Left Wing.

From the Hague Gazette, dated Nov. 26.

Frankfort, Nov. 18. On the 16th we receiv'd Advice from several Parts, that the Marshal de Tallard being joyn'd by the Reinforcement commanded by Monsieur de Pracontal, march'd out of his Lines of Circumvallation on the 15th with a Design to surprize the Left Wing of the Army of the Allies that was advanc'd to Heliginstein in order to relieve Landau. The Marshal de Tallard appear'd in sight of that Wing at 9 a Clock in the Morning with only 14 Squadrons, tho' he was follow'd by his whole Army consisting of 90 Squadrons and 20 Battallions, who at Noon presented themselves in Battalia before ours consisting of 56 Squadrons and 27 Battallions, but by great Misfortune the Right Wing which was at Dadenhoven, was at too great a distance to Succour the Left. The Count de Vehlen, who commanded our Left Wing, and had under him the Troops of the Palatinate and Westphalia, after having sustain'd the Shock of the Gendarmerie and done them considerable Damage, was oblig'd to retire back 600 Paces, where he drew up again in Battalia to make head a second time against the Gendarmerie; but the gross of the Enemies Army falling upon him that Wing was put into disorder. Then the Fight was begun upon our Right Wing where the Hereditary Prince of Hesse commanded, who at the Head of his Troops charg'd the Enemy with great Courage, put several of their Battallions and Squadrons into disorder, and took several Standards, more than one of them with his own hands: But the Enemies Horse falling upon his Foot, and putting them into disorder, his Cavalry not being able to succour them retir'd in good Order about 200 Paces, where 30 Squadrons drawing up into Battalia again, the Enemy did not think it convenient to attack them: Thus the Loss of our Cavalry was not considerable, but that of our Infantry was great: The Enemy likewise lost a great Number of Men particularly of their Gens d'Armes. Among the General Officers and others of the Allies that were kill'd, are reckon'd, the Generals Hockirchen and Tettau, the Prince of Hesse Homburg, Count Charles of Weilburg; The Collonels Boos, Barbo, d'Au, and Eberts; The Lieutenant Collonels Salmuth, Deichman, and Danchau; The Captains Barckorsdorf, Thammen, Caspari, Wittman; and some Lieutenants. The Prince of Saxe Meiningen, and Major General Isselback are Prisoners. They write from Coblentz that the Troops of Hanover, making 14 Battallions and 5 Regiments of Horse, having

having receiv'd Orders from the Elector of Hanover, march'd from that Place on the 16th and 17th leaving their Baggage behind them to make the more ſpeed; ſo that 'tis hoped things may ſtill be remedied provided Landau does not capitulate before they have joyn'd the Hereditary Prince of Heſſe.

Duſſeldorp, Nov. 20. The Account we have of the Action between the Marſhal de Tallard's Troops and thoſe of the Allies that were to have reliev'd Landau, is in ſubſtance as follows, 'At the time our Troops 'were making ready to march and attack the Enemy, 'one of our advanc'd Guards gave notice on the '15th to the Count of Naſſau Weilbourg that the 'Enemy appear'd. The Count rode out a little way 'to ſee whether that Intelligence was true, and re-'turn'd with all ſpeed to draw up his Troops into 'order of Battle; and perceiving he ſhould be at-'tack'd, he order'd his Men to move forwards, and 'give Fire upon the Enemy. They return'd thrice 'to the Charge, and at length the Foot was forc'd 'to give back, after having had the Advantage for 'ſome time. Our fine Regiment of Grenadiers ſuf-'fer'd the moſt; all our Baggage was taken, with 'ſeveral Pieces of Cannon. The Troops of Heſſe, 'Mentz, and others, which made a Body of reſerve, 'did their Duty, and likewiſe ſuffer'd great Loſs. 'We have not yet the Liſt of the kill'd, but ſeveral 'General and other Officers that are reported to be 'among them, are extreamly lamented. Notwith-'ſtanding this Misfortune, we are aſſur'd our Troops 'took from the Enemy and kept 22 pair of Kettle-'drums, others ſay but 12, and 40 Standards; and 'that our Horſe Carabineers diſmounted, ſeiz'd the 'Enemies Cannon, and fir'd it upon them; but the 'Fortune of the Day chang'd afterwards.

Frankfort, Nov. 18. On the 16th at Night came the News that the French had fallen upon the Allies on the Spierbach, and that after a hard Fight the Allies were oblig'd to draw off. On both ſides; (according to all the Advices yet come in,) 11000 Men were kill'd on the Spot; but our Troops brought off 8 Pieces of Cannon of their Train of Artillery. Monſieur de Pracontal, among others of the Enemies chief Officers, was kill'd.

From the Amſt. Cour. and Gaz. dated Nov. 27.

Mentz, Nov. 20. The Prince of Saxe Meiningen, is not dead as was reported, but is now at Manheim. Count Charles of Naſſau Weilbourg, Lieutenant Collonel Salmuth, and Captain Caſpari, who were likewiſe ſaid to be kill'd, are living. The Elector Palatine's Troops have paſs'd the Rhine at *Manheim*, and thoſe of Heſſe at Sandhoffen, to watch the Enemies Motions on the other ſide that River. Yeſterday Morning General Van Leyen, our Governour, with the Remains of 3 Battallions of our Troops, one of which is quite ruin'd, return'd hither. The Body of Troops that continues under the Command of the Prince of Heſſe, will march tomorrow from Laubenheim toward Ohlen and Algerſheim. That Prince himſelf is come hither, and is lodg'd in our Elector's Palace.

Frankfort, Nov. 21. The Troops of Hanover, commanded by the Lieutenant Generals Bulau and Sommerfelt, are arriv'd at Altzey, and are to joyn the other Troops that are to keep in that part of the Country to obſerve the Motions of the Enemy and cover the Palatinate. The 2 Companies that went from this City to ſerve in the Expedition to ſuccour Landau return'd hither yeſterday.

The Landgrave of Heſſe Caſſel was going to put himſelf at the Head of the Forces of the Allies; But when he was got to Manheim he learnt the ill Succeſs of the Fight, and thereupon return'd back again to Caſſel.

Spires, Nov. 22. The Young Count of Friſe, Son of the General of that Name, who ſerv'd in the Army of the Allies in the Poſt of Adjutant General, and was taken Priſoner in the Battle, was ſent into Landau by the Marſhal de Tallard, to aſſure his Father that the Succours he expected were defeated, and that it was time for him to Surrender; Whereupon he Capitulated on the 19th on the ſame Terms that were granted to Monſieur de Melac laſt Year, viz. to march out with 6 Pieces of Cannon, 2 Mortars, 19 cover'd Waggons, and all the Honours uſually allow'd to Soldiers who defend themſelves valiantly. Accordingly the Count and his Garriſon, conſiſting of 2000 Men, (half the number they were in the beginning of the Siege) were conducted to Philipsburg the ſame day; but the French plunder'd 15 of their Waggons, on pretence that the Allies did the ſame to the Garriſon of Bonne.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Nov. 27.

Hague, Nov. 25. Letters from Monſieur van Almelo, their High Mightineſſes Field Deputy, and from the principal Officers of the Army of the Allies on the Upper Rhine, adviſe, that 2 Deſerters gave them Intelligence of the Junction of Monſieur Pracontal with the Marſhal de Tallard, and of their March to attack the Allies; that the Enemy having put the Left Wing to the Rout, thought to have done the like by the Right; but met with a Repulſe from that Wing; ſo that the Troops of which it was compos'd took 16 Standards and 5 pair of Kettle-Drums, and kill'd a great number of the Enemy. The Troops that are in the Service of the States, acquitted themſelves as became them.

Hague, Nov. 26. The Hereditary Prince of Heſſe Caſſel has ſent by an Officer hither a Relation of the Action on the Spierbach. 20 Standards of Horſe, and 4 of Dragoons, and 3 pair of of Kettle-Drums, were taken from the Enemy, with ſome Priſoners, which are to be brought hither: The French took not one Standard from our Troops of the Right Wing: 'Tis certain and confirm'd that the Enemy could not break our Right Wing, and that they loſt abundance of Men in the attacking it: The Prince of Heſſe kept the Field of Battle till the Evening, and then march'd off ſlowly and orderly.

Hague, Nov. 27. The King of Spain went from hence to Oranje Polder on the 19th. His Majeſty put to Sea on the 21ſt. but was put back to the Brill by contrary Winds, the ſame Evening; and the next day return'd hither. Where he continues, till the Wind preſent fair.

AT the Theatre Royal in *Drury-Lane*, this preſent *Tueſday* being the 23d of *November*, will be preſented a Play call'd, *The Relapſe*, or, *Virtue in Danger*, With Singing by Mr. *Leveridge* and Mrs. *Campion*, and ſeveral Comick Dances by Mr. *Laferry*, Mrs. *Bicknell*, and the *Devonſhire* Girl. With a Comical Entertainment between *Scaramouch*, *Harlequin*, and *Punchanello*. And tomorrow, at the Deſire of ſeveral Perſons of Quality, will be preſented a Comedy call'd, *The Emperor of the Moon*.

WHereas Mrs. *Jane Harriſon* in *Great Southampton ſtreet* in *Bloomsbury*, hath long labour'd under a Priſical Indiſpoſition of Body, and is now grown paſt hopes of being capable of carrying on her Buſineſs, having by her a very great Stock of all ſorts of choice India Goods, doth hereby give notice to the Nobility and Gentry, and to all her Friends, that ſhe reſolves to ſell off the ſame at very reaſonable Rates.

This day is publiſh'd,

A Challenge of Peace, Addreſs'd to the whole Nation. With an Enquiry into Ways and Means for bringing it to paſs. Price 6*d*.

A Sermon at the Funeral of the Lady *Dorothy Norton* lately deceas'd, the Relict of Sir *John Norton* of *Rotherford* in *Hantſhire*. Preach'd in the Pariſh Church of *Eaſt-Tyſted*, *Sept.* 23. 1703. By *Tomas Manningham*, D.D. and Chaplain in Ordinary to Her Majeſty. Printed for *Sam. Smith* and *Benj. Walford* at the Prince's Arms in St. *Paul's* Church-yard.

†‡† A Doctor in Phyſick, Cures all the *Degrees, and Indiſpoſitions, in Venereal Perſons; and by a moſt eaſie, ſafe, and expeditious Method: He likewiſe gives his Advice in all Diſeaſes, and Preſcribes a Cure.* *Dr.* Harborough (*a Graduate Phyſician*) *in* Great Knight-Riders-Street, *near* Doctors-Commons.

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